#### § 25.162

of the license has been filed with the Commission pursuant to §25.120(e); or

(c) The removal or modification of the facilities which renders the station not operational for more than 90 days, unless specific authority is requested.

# § 25.162 Cause for termination of interference protection.

The protection from interference afforded by the registration of a receiving earth station shall be automatically terminated if:

- (a) The request for registration is not submitted to the Commission within 3 months of the completion of the frequency coordination process, except as provided for in §25.203;
- (b) The receiving earth station is not constructed and placed into service within 6 months after completion of coordination;
- (c) The Commission finds that the station has been used less than 50% of the time during any 12 month period;
- (d) The Commission finds that the station has been used for an unlawful purpose or otherwise in violation of the Commission's rules, regulations or policies;
- (e) The Commission finds that the actual use of the facility is inconsistent with what was set forth in the registrant's application; or
- (f) The Commission finds that the frequency coordination exhibit, upon which the granted registration is based, is incomplete or does not conform with established coordination procedures.

#### §25.163 Reinstatement.

- (a) A station authorization terminated in whole or in part under the provisions of §25.161 may be reinstated if the Commission, in its discretion, determines that reinstatement would best serve the public interest, convenience and necessity. Petitions for reinstatement will be considered only if:
- (1) The petition is filed within 30 days after the expiration date set forth in §25.161(a) or §25.161(b), whichever is applicable:
- (2) The petition explains the failure to file a timely notification or renewal application; and
- (3) The petition sets forth with specificity the procedures which have been

established to insure timely filings in the future.

(b) A special temporary authorization shall automatically terminate upon the expiration date specified therein, or upon failure of the grantee to comply with any special terms or conditions set forth in the authorization. Temporary operation may be extended beyond the termination date only upon application to the Commission.

### **Subpart C—Technical Standards**

Source: 30 FR 7176, May 28, 1965, as amended at 36 FR 2562, Feb. 6, 1971, unless otherwise noted.

# § 25.200 Interim equipment authorization.

- (a) For purposes of this section, a "GMPCS system" is defined as "any satellite system, (i.e., fixed or mobile, broadband or narrow-band, global or regional, geostationary or non-geostationary, existing or planned) providing telecommunication services directly to end users from a constellation of satellites."
- (b) Subsequent to receiving a blanket authorization under this part, terminals used in conjunction with GMPCS systems, as defined under \$25.200 (a) of this part, may also obtain an equipment authorization from the Commission in accordance with the certification procedure for use under this part. The certification procedure is found in part 2, subpart J of this chapter.
- (c) In order to be granted certification, a transmitter shall comply with the technical specifications in this part. In addition, mobile earth satellite terminals for use in the band of 1610–1626.5 MHz shall meet a specific out-of-band emissions limit. Emissions in the band 1559–1605 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/MHz averaged over any 20 millisecond period for wideband signals, and a standard of -80 dBW across within the measurement bandwidth of 700 Hz or less for narrowband signals.
- (d) Licensees and manufacturers are subject to the radiofrequency radiation exposure requirements specified in §§1.1307(b), 2.1091 and 2.1093 of this